

## STAUBS THEATRE

Wednesday and Thursday Nights, Sept. 11 and 12  
Matinee Thursday

## AL. G. FIELD GREATER MINSTRELS

America's Oldest Theatrical Organization  
A Third of a Century 1886-1918 To its Credit  
And Still Going Strong  
Bigger, Brighter and Better Than Ever

Friday and Saturday Nights, Sept. 13 and 14  
Matinee Saturday

Oliver Morosco's Laughing Sensation  
**THE BRAT**  
WITH CECIL SPOONER

It Has Depth, Human Feeling, Glever Saffire and Rings True as a Bell

## Unable to Equal Men's Work.

How far the woman workers substituted for men in Great Britain are really filling the places of men is answered in an article prepared for the bureau of labor statistics by Miss Mark K. Conyngton, who has made a study of the effect of the war on the employment of women in England.

"The reply varies with the work," writes Miss Conyngton. "In clerical and banking positions apparently women are fully replacing men, except in the relatively few positions."

"In the munition trades they have proved highly satisfactory, but in general their work has not been the same as that of the men whose places they have taken."

Women have replaced 1,413,000 men in industrial, professional and civil service positions in Great Britain in the last three years, according to figures obtained by Miss Conyngton. There has been an increase of 1,420,000 in the number of English women employed since July, 1914.

## Coal Fields Patriotic.

That the bituminous coal miners of the country, and particularly in the Pittsburgh district, are 100 per cent patriotic, is shown by the amount of much needed coal being mined. Several months ago Fuel Administrator Harry Garfield hoisted the danger signal with a warning that if coal production was not increased the country would face a coal famine. Operators became busy and have been holding sessions nearly every week in Washington in order to keep in close touch with the situation. At the beginning quiet and effective work was done, and later a series of public patriotic meetings were held in the thickly settled sections, with the result that the situation is now very much improved. As matters now stand it is up to the railroads to furnish the required number of cars.



# Gunner Depew

The Most Amazing  
Story of the War

After two years of battling with the Huns, Gunner Depew has written his story of the war—a big, thrilling, blood-stirring story in which there is "something doing" every minute from the tap of the gong to the final round.

Gunner Depew is an American sailor-fighter, as handy with his fists as with a 14-inch gun. His narrative is packed solid with fighting and adventure in many corners of the world. Read

## Gunner Depew

You Will Enjoy Every  
Installment of This Great  
Story to Appear Serially  
IN THIS NEWSPAPER

## CREDIT DUE TO LABOR LEADERS

Their Patriotic Attitude Recognized as Great Aid in Winning the War.

## HAD MUCH EFFECT IN EUROPE

Chicago Newspaper Acknowledges the "Statesmanly Achievement" of the Workers—Have Never Been Confused or Led Astray—Federation of Labor Wins Praise.

The common-sense attitude adopted by American labor respecting parleys with German labor seems to have had its effect upon the French Socialists. An important section headed by the redoubtable Albert Thomas has expressed itself in accord with the views of our labor committees. We have reason to believe the visit of these representatives of American labor's pragmatic policy has done much to strengthen British and French labor war policy.

This service should be added to the considerable list credited to American organized labor in the world war. We have had our bolsheviks and our Germans, but organized labor as represented by the leaders of the American Federation of Labor has stood four square on the great basic issues of the conflict, has never been confused or led astray, and has kept the feet of labor firmly on the ground. This has been a statesmanly achievement worthy of the recognition of all Americans and of our allies. The war might well have been lost without it.—Chicago Tribune.

## British Labor Leaders Pleased.

Eight labor members of the British government have issued a manifesto in which they say influence exercised by labor in the councils of the nation since the war began, has been unprecedented.

The men signing the manifesto are George M. Barnes, minister without portfolio in the war cabinet; John Hodge, minister of pensions; G. H. Roberts, minister of labor; William Bruce, parliamentary undersecretary for home affairs; John R. Clynes, parliamentary secretary to the food ministry; Stephen Walsh, parliamentary secretary to the local government board; George J. Wardle, parliamentary secretary to the board of trade, and James Parker.

The labor leaders say that in the last three years greater measures of democratic reform have been adopted than in any previous time in the history of the country.

## Will Admit Mexican Labor.

Secretary of Labor Wilson has let down the bars to immigration from Mexico. In a departmental order exemptions are allowed from the head tax, literacy test and contract-labor provision imposed by previous regulations.

In a statement announcing the order Secretary Wilson says the decision to permit the entry into the United States of illiterates and other Mexicans formerly not admissible, was reached in order to assist in meeting the present shortage of unskilled labor. Labor imported under this rule can be used only in agricultural pursuits, railroad section maintenance and lignite coal mining.

The order will be revoked when the present emergency has passed and the men imported will be required to return to their own country.

## Apportioning Unskilled Workers.

Approximation of the common labor requirement of the war industries of the country for the next three months and of the common labor reserves in each state available for war work has been started by the employment service division of the department of labor.

With these estimates as a basis the employment service will allot to each state the quotas of unskilled workers to be furnished.

With August 1 as the date when independent recruiting of labor will stop, the employment service, it was stated, expects to have the state quotas completed by the middle of July, so there may be no interruption in the labor supply needed by war contract plants.

## Small Factories Hurt.

Two hundred small factories in the Chicago district have been forced to close because of the order withholding steel from concerns not engaged in government work. That was announced by the Illinois Manufacturers' association.

## Wage Increase in France.

A daily wage increase of 40 cents, with 25 cents for overtime, has been granted to all dock workers at southern French ports.

In return the workers promise better efforts to expedite shipping for war purposes.

## Airplane Plants Burn.

San Francisco, May 22.—The plants of the Fowler Airplane company and the E. L. Emanuel Cabinet company, which was making airplane parts, were totally destroyed by fire. Damage was estimated at nearly \$1,000,000. The Emanuel company has received threatening letters.

## Send Us Your Job Printing.

We do Job Printing at Fair Prices. Subscribers for the Knoxville Independent.

## BOARD SETS MINIMUM WAGE

Decision of Official Body Is Likely to be of Far-Reaching Importance to the Workers.

Five policies of far-reaching consequence in the employment of labor were laid down by the national war labor board. They were:

1. Approval of the principle of the eight-hour day.
2. Insistence on the payment to labor of a "living wage."
3. Disapproval of the employment of children under fourteen on government contracts.

4. Disapproval of the direct or indirect employment on government contracts of prisoners who have been sentenced to hard labor.
5. Adoption of a dividing line between the war industries in which women should be employed and those in which they should not.

In the adoption of these principles, applied by the board in many instances to labor disputes pending before that body, the board, of which former President William H. Taft and Frank P. Walsh are joint chairmen, has not hesitated to go beyond the rival claims of employers and the employees.

This was notably the case in the announcement by the board of its decision in the dispute involving 3,000 employees in eight plants at Waynesboro, Pa.

In this case the board established 40 cents an hour as the minimum wage to be paid any class of workers, including common laborers, on the theory that less than that amount was not a living wage.

By living wage, it was explained, the board meant "the minimum rate of wage to permit the worker and his family to subsist in health and comfort."

## "NO MORAL RIGHT TO STRIKE"

Canadian Railway War Board Talks Plainly in Denying Petition for Higher Wage Scale.

Declaring that Canadian railroad men have "no moral right to countenance or order a strike" at this time, the Canadian railway war board, after an emergency meeting, sent a letter to the Railway Federated Trades denying the shopmen's petition for a scale of wages higher than that to be paid in the United States by the national railway administration. While only the shopmen were directly affected, it was said they would be backed by the trades membership of 30,000 if they carried out their announced intention of striking.

The war board takes the position that higher wages for shopmen would mean proportionate increases for all ranks of railroad workers, and would have "either early bankruptcy for the Canadian Pacific railroad, or the imposition of freight rates so high that Canadian industry would be absolutely barred from any share in export business, and domestic cost of living and manufacture would reach ruinous heights."

## BRITISH MINERS FOR GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP.

At a conference of coal miners at Southport, England, a resolution was adopted in favor of government ownership of mines. It was further resolved to cable to President Wilson and the governor of California requesting a new trial for Thomas Mooney.

## Extends Labor Control.

Federal control of dock and harbor labor is to be extended immediately to Boston and within a few weeks to Philadelphia and Baltimore. New York, Norfolk, Va., and Charleston, S. C., already have the system, initiated by the employment service with T. P. O'Connor, former president of the International Longshoremen's union in charge.

The service directs the supplies distribution of harbor workers to expedite the handling of war cargoes.

## For Basic Eight-Hour Day.

A flat declaration for a basic eight-hour day for the adjustment of wage scales is being prepared by the National War labor board.

The position taken by the board may result in a readjustment of government contracts and subcontracts which are now on a basis of a ten-hour day. If adopted by the government, the board's decision would affect hundreds of thousands of workers in private plants engaged in war work.

## Three Women Do Two Men's Work.

Managers of British shell manufacturing factories reckon that it requires three women because of their lighter physique, to do the work of two men. Experience has shown that it is unwise to make a long workday for the women and in most of the shell factories in this district they put in only eight hours, while men work eleven and a half and in some plants twelve.

## Girls Operate Shell Factory.

There is a shell factory in Liverpool, England, operated almost exclusively by the daughters of business and professional men. Many are young girls who had never done any other kind of work than needlework and cooking. The heavy work of the establishment is performed by the wives of sailors. This is a nonprofit making factory and it is the reply of the Cunard company to the Germans for the sinking of the Lusitania.

## GETTING RICH QUICKLY

Some folks have the idea if they can not save \$1,000 in a bunch, they will save nothing. But, ordinarily a great fortune is built up like a stone wall—a stone at a time.

Think of some of the world's greatest financial kings. They have not been above taking care of even the pennies. If you continue to live up to your income—refusing to lay the first stone, because it comes so short of a wall, you can never hope to make progress in financial masonry.

The ability to work—to look into the future—to SAVE, even a dollar or two, such are the foundation stones for building up a substantial fortune.

We Pay 4% On Savings Accounts.

## THE HOLSTON NATIONAL BANK

GAY STREET AND CLINCH AVE.

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM U. S. GOVERNMENT PROTECTION

## TO ISAIAH KYLE

Ruth Kyle vs. Isaiah Kyle  
State of Tennessee, In Chancery Court of Knox County, No. 16141  
In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendant Isaiah Kyle is a non-resident of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of October next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the Knoxville Independent for four consecutive weeks. This 10th day of August 1918  
J. C. Ford, Clerk & Master.  
GEO. W. McDADE, Sol.  
August, 17 24 31 Sept. 7 1918

## TO LENARD INMAN

Nellie Inman vs. Lenard Inman  
State of Tennessee, In Chancery Court of Knox County, No. 16124  
In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed which is sworn to, that the defendant Lenard Inman is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of Oct. next and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the Knoxville Independent for four consecutive weeks.  
This 12th day of August, 1918  
J. C. Ford, Clerk and Master.  
GEO. W. McDADE, Sol.  
August 17 24 31 Sept. 7 1918

## TO JOHN T. FITZGERALD

Katherine Fitzgerald vs. Deaver Kennedy Co. et al.  
State of Tennessee In Chancery Court of Knox County No. 16110  
In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendant John T. Fitzgerald is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of Oct. next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the Knoxville Independent for four consecutive weeks.  
This 12th day of August, 1918  
J. C. Ford, Clerk & Master.  
Green, Webb & Tate, Sols.  
Aug. 17 24 31 Sept. 7 1918

## TO GEORGE WHITE

Allie White vs. George White  
State of Tennessee. In Chancery Court of Knox County. No. 16127  
In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendant George White is a non-resident of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon him, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of Oct. next and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the Knoxville Independent for four consecutive weeks.  
This 13th day of August, 1918  
J. C. Ford, Clerk & Master.  
A. C. Grimm, Sol.  
Aug 17 24 31 Sept. 7 1918

## TO JAMES W. SAVAGE H. L. SAVAGE H. E. SAVAGE P. L. SAVAGE CHARLEY DIX AND J. W. DIX

Charles F. Graham vs. James W. Savage et al.  
State of Tennessee, In Chancery Court of Knox County. No. 15369  
In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed which is sworn to, that the defendants, James W. Savage H. L. Savage H. E. Savage P. L. Savage J. W. Dix and Charley Dix are non-residents of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants appear before the Chancery Court at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the 1st Monday of October next and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and set for hearing, ex parte, as to them. This notice will be published in the Knoxville Independent for four consecutive weeks.  
This 12th day of August 1918  
J. C. Ford, C. & M.  
Fowler & Fowler, Sols.  
Aug. 17 24 31 Sept. 7 1918

## TO CHARLES A. AND LILLIE PAGE

Andie P. Dixon vs. Charles A. Dixon et al.  
State of Tennessee In the Chancery Court of Knox Co. No. 16136  
In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendants Charles A. Dixon and Lillie P. Dixon are non-residents of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of October next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to them. It is further ordered that this notice be published for four consecutive weeks in the Knoxville Independent. This 14th day of August, 1918  
J. C. Ford, Clerk & Master.  
S. E. Hodges, Sol.  
Aug. 17-24-31, Sept. 7 1918

## Non-Resident Attachment Notice

Consolidated  
B. L. Johnson & Company vs. Sam Raimon No. 15620  
Roy Newman Cigar Company vs. Sam Raimon No. 15621  
Hazen Trent & Harrell Company vs. Sam Raimon No. 15622  
Chapman Drug Company vs. Sam Raimon No. 15623

## Before J. R. Allor, Justice of the Peace, for Knox County, Tenn.

In this cause it appears by the affidavit that the defendant, S. M. Raimon is justly indebted to the plaintiff and is a non-resident of the state of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process cannot be served upon him, and an original attachment having issued and returned to me with levy on his property, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Knoxville Independent, a newspaper published in the city of Knoxville, for four consecutive weeks commanding the defendant to appear before me at my office in Knoxville on Sept. 12th 1918 at 12 o'clock m. and make defense to said suit or it will be proceeded with ex parte.  
This 15th day of August 1918  
J. R. Allor, Justice of the Peace  
For Knox County Tennessee  
Aug. 17 24 31 Sept. 7 1918

## To Mrs. Mary Margaret Lynch Laurason and John Nevin Kennedy

John P. Murphy, Exec. et al., vs. Mary Agnes Murphy et al.  
State of Tennessee, In Chancery Court of Knox County, No. 16050  
In this cause, it appearing from the bill filed, which is sworn to, that the defendants Mrs. Mary Margaret Lynch Laurason and John Nevin Kennedy are non-residents of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is ordered that said defendants appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of Oct. next, and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to them. This notice will be published in the Knoxville Independent for four consecutive weeks.  
This 7th day of September 1918  
J. C. Ford, Clerk and Master.  
W. F. MILLER, Sol.  
Sept. 7-14-21-28, 1918

## NON-RESIDENT ATTACHMENT NOTICE

TO JOHN T. FITZGERALD  
Katherine Fitzgerald vs. Deaver Kennedy's Company et al.  
State of Tennessee, In Chancery Court of Knox County. No. 16110  
In this cause, it appearing from the original bill filed which is sworn to, that the defendant John T. Fitzgerald is justly indebted to complainant and is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, and an attachment having been issued and levied on the defendants' property, it is ordered that said defendant appear before the Chancery Court, at Knoxville, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday of Oct. next and make defense to said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him. This notice will be published in the Knoxville Independent for four consecutive weeks.  
This 4th day of September 1918  
J. C. Ford, C. & M.  
Green & Webb Sols  
Sept. 7-14-21-28, 1918

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Subscribers for the Knoxville Independent.